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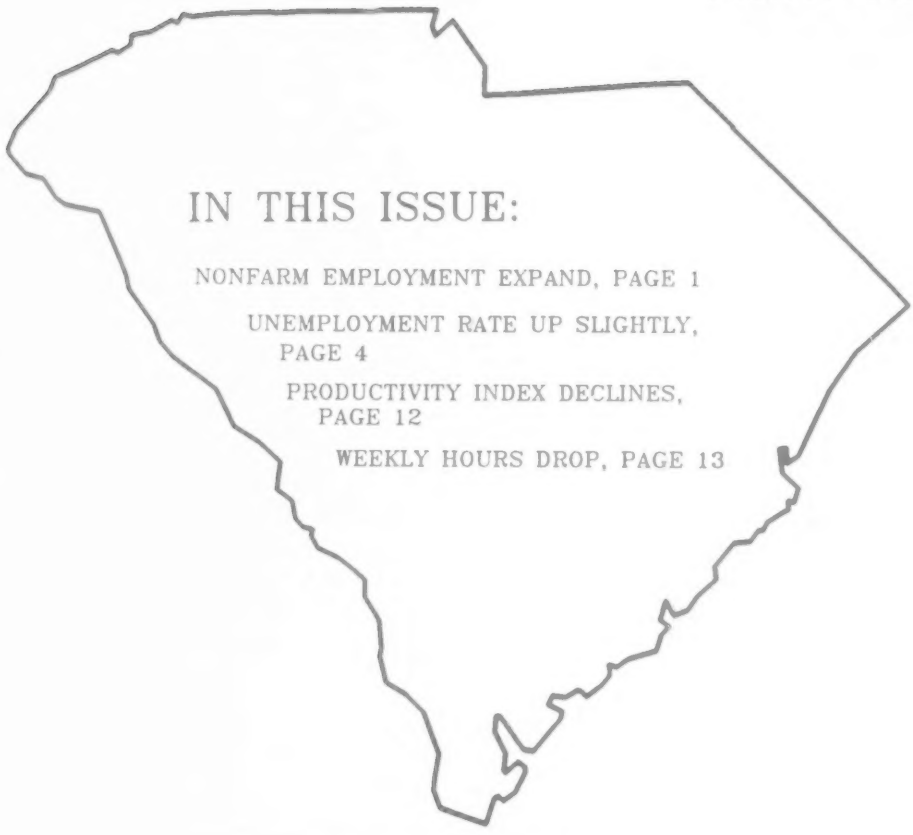
# SOUTH CAROLINA EMPLOYMENT TRENDS

FEBRUARY, 1990



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SOUTH CAROLINA EMPLOYMENT SECURITY COMMISSION

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# NONFARM EMPLOYMENT EXPANDS

## SEASONALITY PUSHES EMPLOYMENT UPWARD

South Carolina's nonfarm employment added 8,800 jobs during February, reaching a level of 1,521,100. This figure was 55,300 above the year earlier level of 1,465,800. February's job growth resulted from seasonal increases in both the public and private sectors. Excluding seasonal factors, nonfarm employment rose 3,700 during February.

## EDUCATIONAL JOBS INCREASE

Government employment led February's upturn with gains in state and local nonfaculty educational positions of 3,200 and 2,200, respectively. State government, other than schools posted an additional 900 jobs aided by the legislature's return to session. Employment in federal government was down 100 to 39,800 in February.

## SERVICES AND CONSTRUCTION TRIGGER GROWTH

The private sector produced 2,800 net new jobs in February. The service industry was responsible for 89% of the overall monthly expansion with the addition of 2,500 employees. Within services, seasonality pushed hotels and other lodging places up 900. Both health services and educational services continued their contributions with 400 new jobs each. Construction gained 1,100 positions as building and rebuilding work continued after Hurricane Hugo in preparation of the highly awaited tourist season. Transportation and public utilities experienced a 400 increase in the job count attributed to an upturn in water transportation. Finance, insurance, and real estate also rose 400 from the previous month.

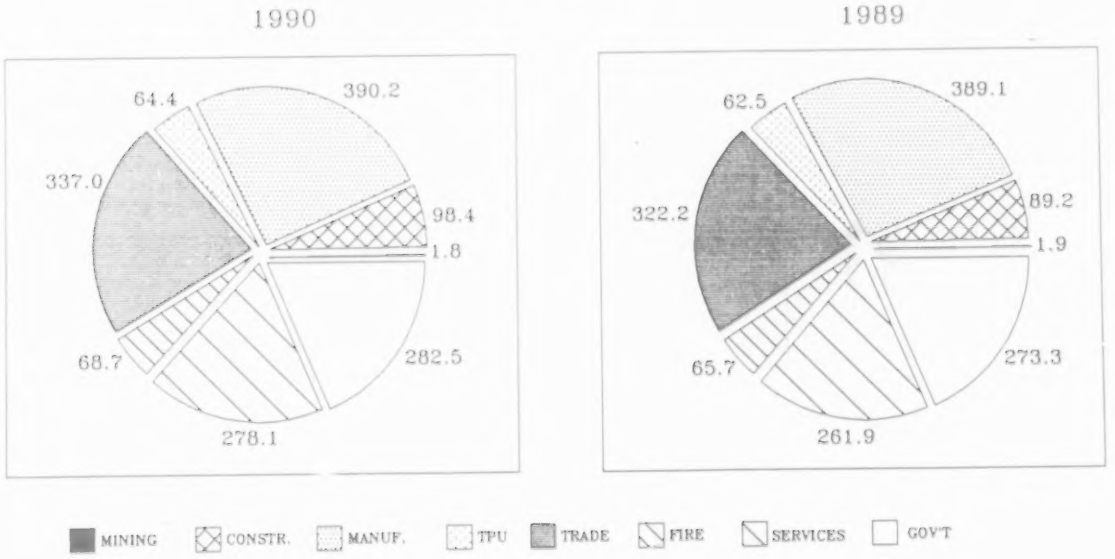
**MANUFACTURING AND TRADE DECLINE**

Employment in manufacturing and trade was down during February. Manufacturing led the decline with a loss of 1,100 employees because of scattered temporary layoffs in nondurable goods (-1,500). Within nondurables, textile mill products, and apparel fell 700 and 600, respectively. Trade decreased its workforce by 500 jobs as general merchandise stores (-1,600) in the retail sector continued to trim their payrolls after the holiday season. Wholesale trade (+400), however, hired additional workers in response to increased demand for machinery, equipment and supplies.

**OUTLOOK POSITIVE**

South Carolina's nonfarm employment is expected to experience brisk seasonal expansion during March. Services and trade should lead the increase as hotels and other lodging places, and eating and drinking places kick off the start of the tourist season.

## SOUTH CAROLINA NONFARM EMPLOYMENT
BY MAJOR INDUSTRY
FEBRUARY, 1990 COMPARED TO FEBRUARY, 1989



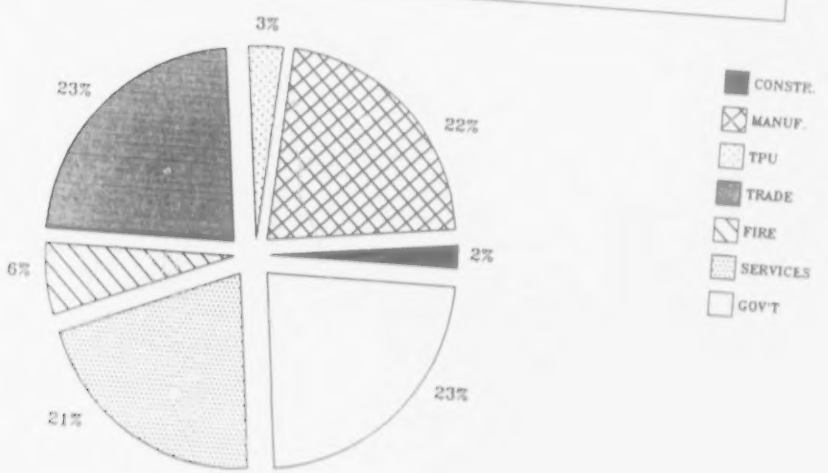

NOTE: DATA IN THOUSANDS

NONFARM FEMALE
EMPLOYMENT UP

South Carolina's nonfarm female employment climbed 4,400 to 723,800 during February. Seasonal employment gains in education accounted for the addition of 3,300 female employees, pushing the public sector up 3,500 to 168,800. Females employed in other state government also rose 600 while other local government experienced a loss of 200 workers. February's federal job count dropped 200 from the previous month to 13,300.

In the private sector, services responded to the start of tourism by increasing female employment by 2,000. Within services, hotels and other lodging places (+600), health services (+400), and educational services (+300) all reported healthy gains. Finance, insurance, and real estate was the only other major industry in the private sector with job advances during the month. The construction workforce was unchanged from 9,400 in January. Manufacturing and trade each lost 700 positions during February. In manufacturing, textiles accounted for 86% of the decrease resulting from temporary layoffs. Within trade, retailers were responsible for an 800 downturn as general merchandise stores trimmed employment by 1,200. Wholesalers provided a slight offset with 100 new female workers during the month. Employment in transportation and public utilities slipped 100 to 16,700 in February. Compared to a year-ago, nonfarm female employment in South Carolina was up 25,100.

SOUTH CAROLINA NONFARM FEMALE EMPLOYMENT
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
FEBRUARY, 1990



**UNEMPLOYMENT RATE UP SLIGHTLY IN FEBRUARY**

South Carolina's unemployment rate edged up from 4.8% to 5.0% in February. The slight increase was due primarily to temporary layoffs in manufacturing, together with seasonal reductions in retail trade. The national unemployment rate, seasonally adjusted, averaged 5.3% in February.

TABLE 1
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY
February, 1990

South Carolina

| | Unadjusted Data | | | Seasonally Adjusted Data | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Current Month | Previous Month | Year-Ago | Current Month | Previous Month | Year-Ago |
| Civilian Labor Force | 1,678,700 | 1,686,000 | 1,653,000 | 1,685,900 | 1,704,600 | 1,660,200 |
| Total Employment | 1,594,400 | 1,605,500 | 1,573,500 | 1,609,800 | 1,630,500 | 1,588,900 |
| Total Unemployment | 84,300 | 80,500 | 79,500 | 76,100 | 74,100 | 71,300 |
| Unemployment Rate | 5.0 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.3 |

Metropolitan Statistical Areas
Unadjusted Data Only

| | Charleston MSA | | | Columbia MSA | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Current Month | Previous Month | Year-Ago | Current Month | Previous Month | Year-Ago |
| Civilian Labor Force | 225,770 | 226,570 | 222,760 | 232,220 | 233,850 | 232,530 |
| Total Employment | 217,870 | 218,610 | 213,790 | 224,420 | 225,630 | 224,990 |
| Total Unemployment | 7,900 | 7,960 | 8,970 | 7,800 | 8,220 | 7,540 |
| Unemployment Rate | 3.5 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.2 |

| | Greenville-Spartanburg MSA | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | Current Month | Previous Month | Year-Ago |
| Civilian Labor Force | 336,530 | 336,720 | 331,570 |
| Total Employment | 322,460 | 324,350 | 320,140 |
| Total Unemployment | 14,070 | 12,360 | 11,430 |
| Unemployment Rate | 4.2 | 3.7 | 3.4 |

United States
(Data rounded to the nearest thousands)

| | Unadjusted Data | | | Seasonally Adjusted Data | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Current Month | Previous Month | Year-Ago | Current Month | Previous Month | Year-Ago |
| Civilian Labor Force | 123,442 | 123,293 | 121,906 | 124,630 | 124,397 | 123,117 |
| Total Employment | 116,308 | 116,037 | 115,023 | 118,035 | 117,863 | 116,757 |
| Total Unemployment | 7,134 | 7,256 | 6,883 | 6,594 | 6,535 | 6,360 |
| Unemployment Rate | 5.8 | 5.9 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.2 |

Note: Comparable data for the Anderson, Florence, and Rock Hill Metropolitan Areas can be found on Table #14 under the appropriate counties.

## WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT DEVELOPMENTS IN THE MAJOR METROPOLITAN AREAS

### CHARLESTON METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA (Includes Berkeley, Charleston, and Dorchester Counties)

Nonfarm employment in the Charleston area rose 1,200 to 201,100 during February, an increase of 7,400 above the year-ago level. The private sector gained 1,400 positions as five out of six industry divisions reported employment gains. Services jumped 900 to 42,700 reflecting the beginning of tourist activity. Transportation and public utilities climbed 300, and manufacturing rose 200. Within manufacturing, both durable and nondurable goods edged upward 100 each. Also showing growth of 100 each were construction and mining; and finance, insurance, and real estate. The only private sector division to decline was trade. Although wholesale trade advanced 100, seasonality caused a 300 drop in retail trade. Total government, at 53,700, was down 200 from the previous month. State government saw a return of 100 more faculty workers to school while local government decreased 300. Federal government remained unchanged in February.

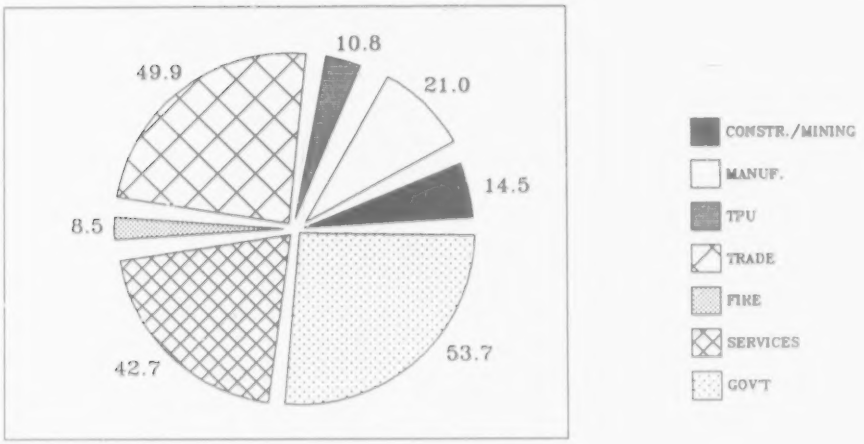
### COLUMBIA METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA (Includes Lexington and Richland Counties)

Columbia's nonfarm employment, under the influence of seasonal expansion, rose 2,600 to 240,700 in February. Employment growth in the public sector accounted for 65% of the increase. State government's increase of 900 was attributed largely to the start of the legislative session. Local government added 700 employees, mainly educational workers. The federal job count was up 100 to 7,800. Overall, total government employment in Columbia rose 1,700 to 67,800. In the private sector, employers created 900 new jobs, led by growth of 600 in services. Construction and mining provided an additional 400 because of mild weather conditions. Manufacturing; and finance, insurance, and real estate gained 100 jobs each. On the downside, trade lost 200 jobs, all in the retail division, and transportation and public utilities recorded a downturn of 100. Compared to a year earlier, nonfarm employment in Columbia grew 3,400.

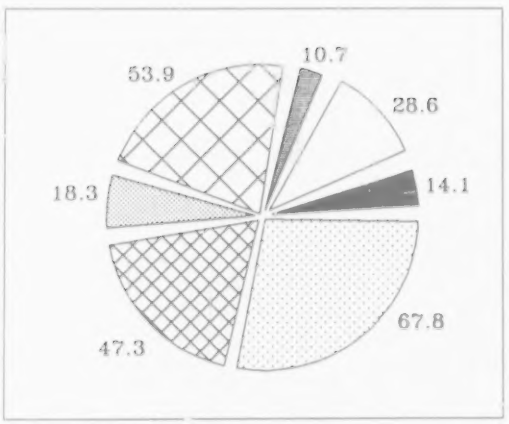
**GREENVILLE-SPARTANBURG METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA (Includes Greenville, Pickens, and Spartanburg Counties)**

The Greenville-Spartanburg area, fueled by sharp increases in services and government added 1,600 workers in February, bringing total nonfarm employment to a level of 337,500. The private and public sectors contributed equally to this jump by employing 800 new workers each. Within the private sector, services produced the only increase among major industry groups, recording a gain of 1,300 employees. The majority of this rise came in two areas: educational services, which rebounded from the holiday downturn; and business services, which include the expanding temporary agency industry. The only other private industry divisions recording any movement in February were trade and manufacturing, both of which saw job losses. Trade reduced its workforce by 300 workers, mostly due to the continued slimming down from the holiday season. Manufacturing was down 200, all the result of layoffs in textile-related industries. All other private industry groups remained stable during February. State and local government accounted for all 800 additions to the public sector payrolls in February. State government added 500 workers, while local government hired 300. Virtually all of this jump was due to non-salaried educational employees, such as bus drivers and maintenance workers, returning to jobs after the holidays. Overall, government employed 43,500 workers in February. Compared to a year earlier, the Greenville-Spartanburg area's total nonfarm jobcount was up 10,200, or 3%.

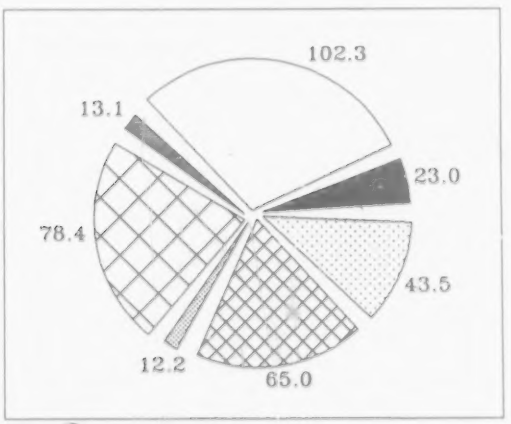
# SOUTH CAROLINA NONFARM EMPLOYMENT
## BY METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS
### FEBRUARY, 1990




CHARLESTON MSA




COLUMBIA MSA




GRVL-SPAR. MSA

UNITED STATES ECONOMY

The nation's unemployment rate was unchanged at a seasonally adjusted 5.3% in February . . . for the ninth consecutive month. Job growth, however, experienced its sharpest increase since June, 1988. Nonfarm payrolls added 372,000 new workers during February. January's job growth was also revised up from 275,000 to 332,000, indicating that the economy is resisting any recessionary pressures. Expansion in the service industry once again led the increase with 145,000 additional jobs, in February as employment in health and business-related services continued to exhibit strong gains. Manufacturing employers hired 90,000 workers in February, the first increase in 11 months. Within manufacturing, the auto industry was still sluggish, down 50,000 jobs from a year earlier. Construction reported 60,000 more jobs, attributed to record warm temperatures. Transportation; and finance, insurance, and real estate also posted solid increases over the month.

The average hourly pay of factory workers rose during February . . . to $10.69 from $10.59 in January. Average weekly hours experienced a slight decline of 0.2 hour during the month. Overtime work was down 0.1 hour.

Retail sales fell 0.9% during February . . . to a seasonally adjusted $146.54 billion from a revised $147.94 billion in January. February's decline was blamed on poor auto sales which plunged 6%. Excluding auto dealers, most other retailers, including department stores (+2.0%), clothing stores (+1.6%), and building supply dealers (+1.4%), reported healthy gains in sales. Furniture sales also rose 0.5%. The Commerce Department revised its January retail sales to a 2.8% increase from its original estimate of 1.6%. Economists believe the retail sales figures indicate that consumer spending is strong enough to keep the economy expanding.

Personal income experienced a 0.9% jump in February . . . fueled by farm subsidy payments and a pay raise for federal employees. Excluding these special factors, personal income still rose 0.7%. Despite the sharp increase in personal income, personal spending only rose 0.4% as Americans saved 5.7% of their after-tax income, up from 5.3% in January.

Producer prices showed no change in February . . . after experiencing a 1.8% jump in January. Energy prices fell 5% during the month, helping to offset a 0.9% increase in food costs. Home heating oil prices dropped 30.2% while vegetable prices climbed 23.3% after a 58% leap in January. Fruit prices were up 8%. Dairy prices dropped after increasing sharply during the past year. Outside the energy and food sectors, producer prices actually grew 0.4% in February.

Housing starts fell 7% during February . . . to a seasonally adjusted rate of 1,477,000 units from a revised 1,588,000 units in January. Construction of single-family homes grew 5.1% but building of multi-family units tumbled 35.1%. The rate of building permits issued in February dropped 25% to an annual rate of 1,308,000, due to the lag in multi-family permits. Despite the monthly decline in housing starts, starts were still at a rate higher than in most of 1989.

**HOURLY EARNINGS UNCHANGED IN FEBRUARY**

Hourly earnings for South Carolina's manufacturing production workers were unchanged over the month at a level of $8.67. Offsetting trends in durables and nondurables brought about the lack of change overall. Within durables, every subgroup saw setbacks with the most notable coming in lumber and wood products (-$0.10), and instruments and related products (-$0.05). Nondurables, on the other hand, had some areas that posted slight upturns in hourly wages causing the overall level of hourly wages to increase to $8.57. Gains in nondurables were seen in food and kindred products, textile mill products, and apparel and other textile products. Decreases in the soft-good sector occurred in paper and allied products, and chemicals and allied products.

Nationally, a sharp $0.14 jump in durable wages helped push manufacturing production workers' average hourly wages up $0.10 to a level of $10.69. More incentive pay for piecework helped push durable goods up over the month.

TABLE 2
SUMMARY OF MONTHLY EARNINGS
OF MANUFACTURING WORKERS
Base Year 1982-1984 = 100.0
February, 1990

| | South Carolina | | | Charleston MSA | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Current Month | Previous Month | Year-Ago | Current Month | Previous Month | Year-Ago |
| Average Hourly Earnings | $ 8.67 | $ 8.67 | $ 8.39 | $ 9.44 | $ 9.44 | $ 9.09 |
| Average Weekly Earnings | $356.34 | $357.20 | $347.35 | $379.49 | $380.43 | $359.96 |
| Inflation-Adjusted Weekly Earnings (1982-84 Dollars) | $278.39 | $280.38 | $285.65 | $296.48 | $298.61 | $296.02 |

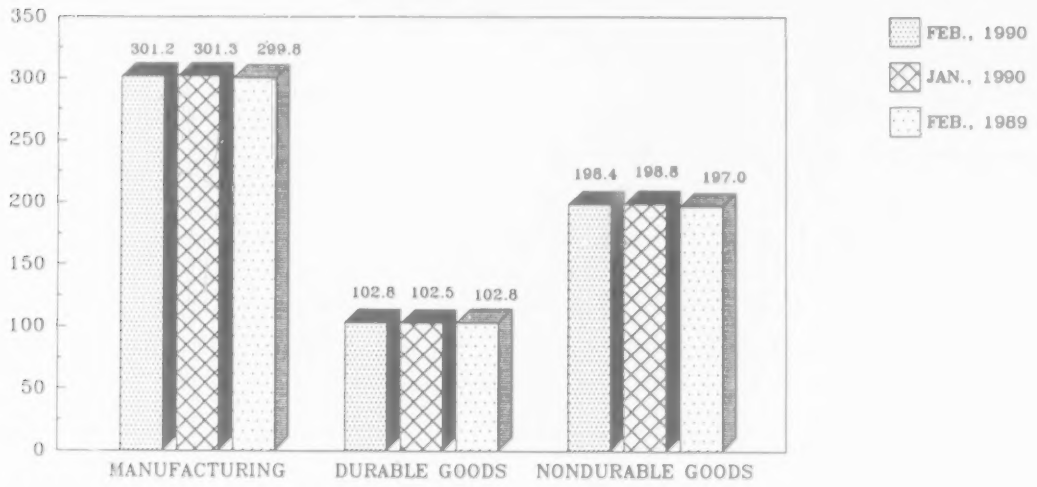
| | Columbia MSA | | | Greenville-Spartanburg MSA | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Current Month | Previous Month | Year-Ago | Current Month | Previous Month | Year-Ago |
| Average Hourly Earnings | $ 8.87 | $ 8.88 | $ 8.63 | $ 8.58 | $ 8.56 | $ 8.20 |
| Average Weekly Earnings | $368.99 | $370.30 | $358.14 | $356.93 | $355.24 | $333.74 |
| Inflation-Adjusted Weekly Earnings (1982-84 Dollars) | $288.27 | $290.66 | $294.52 | $278.85 | $278.84 | $274.46 |

| | United States | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | Current Month | Previous Month | Year-Ago |
| Average Hourly Earnings | $ 10.69 | $ 10.59 | $ 10.38 |
| Average Weekly Earnings | $431.88 | $429.95 | $423.50 |
| Inflation-Adjusted Weekly Earnings (1982-84 Dollars) | $337.41 | $337.48 | $348.27 |

## SOUTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURING PRODUCTION WORKERS

FEBRUARY, 1990

DATA IN THOUSANDS

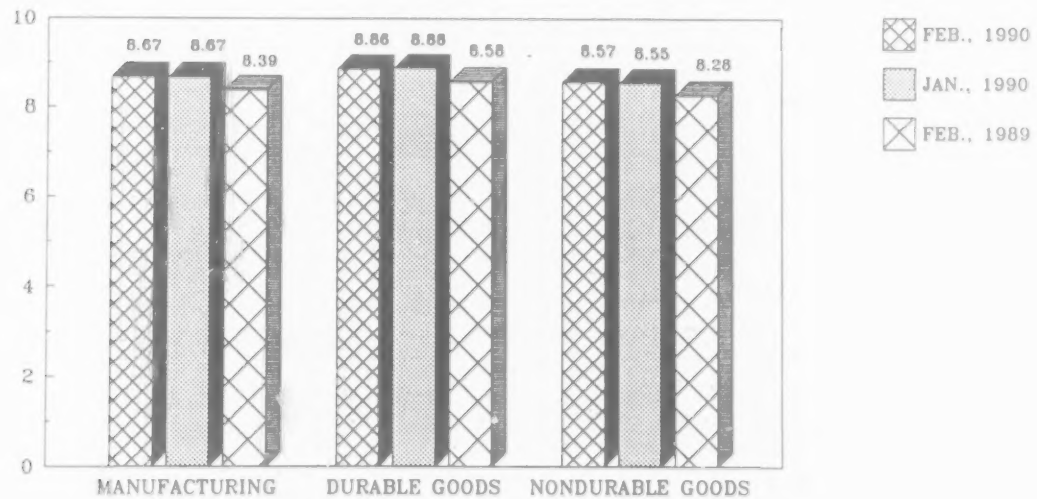



## SOUTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURING PRODUCTION WORKERS

AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS

FEBRUARY, 1990

IN DOLLARS PER HOUR



**PRODUCTIVITY INDEX DECLINES IN FEBRUARY**

The productivity index for South Carolina's production workers declined for the second straight month in February to a level of 108.1 from 108.4 a month earlier. A reduction in both the workweek (-0.1 hour) and production workers (-100) caused the index to decline. Three of the four industry groups, for which the productivity index is developed saw a decrease in output per hour over the month. Durables, due to an increase in production workers, was the only category with a gain, climbing 0.1 point to a level of 123.8. Compared to the year earlier level of 108.4, February's productivity index was down 0.3 point.

TABLE 3
PRODUCTIVITY INDEX
Base Year 1982-84 = 100.0
February, 1990

| | Current Month | Previous Month | Year-Ago |
|---|---|---|---|
| Production-Worker Productivity Index | 108.1 | 108.4 | 108.4 |
| Durable-Good Productivity Index | 123.8 | 123.7 | 123.5 |
| Nondurable-Good Productivity Index | 101.3 | 101.5 | 101.9 |
| Textile Productivity Index | 94.9 | 95.0 | 96.2 |
| Apparel Productivity Index | 95.3 | 95.6 | 94.9 |

U.S. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX - ALL URBAN CONSUMERS
Base Year 1982-84 = 100.0
February, 1990

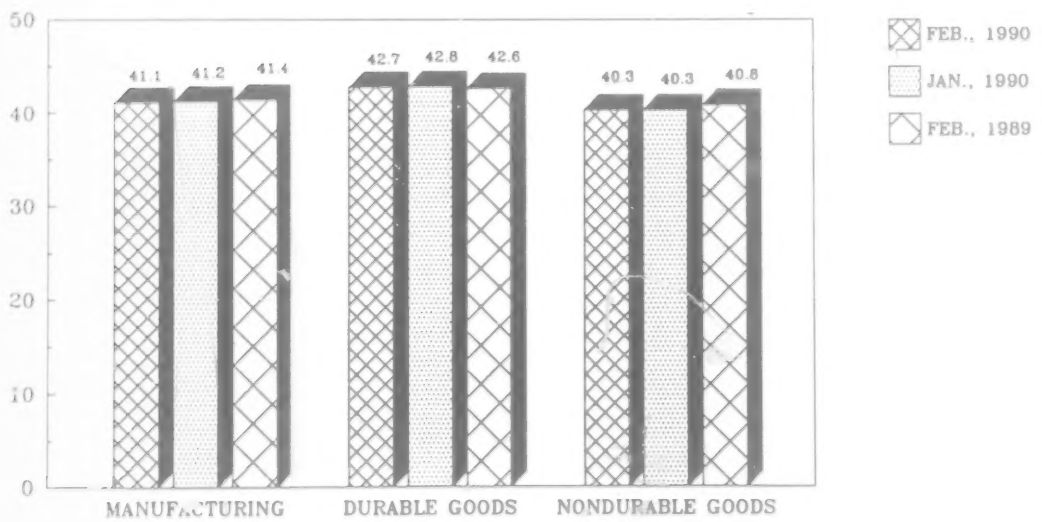
| | | | | Unadjusted percent change to Feb., 1990 from- | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 |
| All items . . . . . | 128.0 | 127.4 | 121.6 | +0.5 | +5.3 |

## WEEKLY HOURS DROP IN FEBRUARY

The average workweek for South Carolina's manufacturing production workers decreased for the second straight month, dropping 0.1 hour in February to a level of 41.1 hours. This slowdown followed two straight months of increases at the end of 1989. A lack of orders for manufactured goods, especially durables, caused the recent shortening of the workweek. Overall, durable goods declined 0.1 hour to a level of 42.7 hours. Within durables, the sharpest declines came in instruments and related products (-0.5), and furniture and fixtures (-0.5). The other subgroups in durables saw little or no change in the workweek. The workweek for nondurable production workers remained steady overall for the month at 41.3 hours, but the hours worked in the component industries varied widely. The sharpest setbacks occurred in food and kindred products (-0.8), knitting mills (-0.4), and chemicals and allied products (-0.4). On the other hand, expanding hours were witnessed in yarn and thread mills (+0.7); broadwoven fabric mills, manmade (+0.3); and printing and publishing (+0.2).

On the national level, average weekly hours for production workers fell 0.2 hour to 40.4, as both durables and nondurables slipped. Overtime, due to a slowdown of orders, declined 0.1 hour to 3.5 hours.

SOUTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURING PRODUCTION WORKERS
AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS
FEBRUARY, 1990



## IS THE EMPLOYEE THAT YOU NEED AT A JOB SERVICE OFFICE TODAY?

WHY NOT CHECK THE FOLLOWING MINI–RESUMES AND SEE?

| Occupation Desired | # Mths Exper | Other Exper | # Mths Exper | Education (Highest Grade Completed) | Hours Desired / Annual Income Desired | Relocate? / Location of * Applicant |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Truck Driver, Heavy | 99 | None | N/A | 12 | Full / 15,360 | Yes / Beaufort |
| Dental Assistant | 90 | None | N/A | 13 | Full / 17,000 | No / Chester |
| Account Analyst | 10 | None | N/A | 16 | Full / 16,000 | Yes / Columbia |
| Programmer Analyst | 99 | None | N/A | 16 | Full / 25,000 | Yes / Conway |
| Construction Engineer | 90 | None | N/A | 14 | Full / 36,000 | Yes / Florence |
| Quality Control Director | 99 | None | N/A | 12 | Full / 30,000 | Yes / Greenville |
| Purchasing Clerk | 36 | Supply Clerk | 30 | 13 | Full / 18,000 | Yes / Greenwood |
| Electrician | 90 | Maintenance Mechanic | 90 | 14 | Full / 20,800 | No / Allendale |
| Audit Clerk | 18 | None | N/A | 12 | Full / 12,480 | No / Lancaster |
| Social Worker | 99 | None | N/A | 16 | Full / 11,000 | Yes / Newberry |
| Warehouse Manager | 15 | None | N/A | 12 | Full / 13,520 | No / Rock Hill |
| Maintenance Mechanic | 99 | None | N/A | 12 | Full / 12,000 | No / Spartnbrg. |
| Retail Store Manager | 30 | Hotel Manager | 99 | 16 | Full / 25,000 | Yes / Sumter |

* There are currently more than 92,987 applicants seeking jobs through Job Service offices in South Carolina. The above mini–resumes are examples of the types of individuals available. You may contact the Job Service office in your area for further information.

# Months experience – "99" indicates experience exceeds 8 years and 3 months.

TABLE 4

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA
BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUP

February, 1990

| | Feb. 1990 | Jan 1990 | Feb. 1989 | Net Change From: Jan 1990 | Net Change From: Feb. 1989 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total Nonagricultural Employment..... | 1521.1 | 1512.3 | 1465.8 | + 8.8 | +55.3 |
| Total Private..... | 1238.6 | 1235.8 | 1192.5 | + 2.8 | +46.1 |
| Mining..... | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.9 | + 0.0 | - 0.1 |
| Construction..... | 98.4 | 97.3 | 89.2 | + 1.1 | + 9.2 |
| Heavy Construction, Excluding Building.... | 12.8 | 12.5 | 12.0 | + 0.3 | + 0.8 |
| Highway and Street Construction..... | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.0 | + 0.0 | + 0.2 |
| Heavy Construction, Excluding Highway.... | 9.6 | 9.3 | 9.0 | + 0.3 | + 0.6 |
| Special Trade Contractors..... | 47.2 | 46.6 | 43.5 | + 0.6 | + 3.7 |
| Plumbing, Heating, Air Conditioning..... | 11.6 | 11.6 | 11.2 | + 0.0 | + 0.4 |
| Electrical Work..... | 10.0 | 9.7 | 9.9 | + 0.3 | + 0.1 |
| Manufacturing (See detail on Table #5)..... | 390.2 | 391.3 | 389.1 | - 1.1 | + 1.1 |
| Durable Goods..... | 134.9 | 134.5 | 135.3 | + 0.4 | - 0.4 |
| Nondurable Goods..... | 255.3 | 256.8 | 253.8 | - 1.5 | + 1.5 |
| Transportation and Public Utilities..... | 64.4 | 64.0 | 62.5 | + 0.4 | + 1.9 |
| Trucking and Warehousing..... | 19.6 | 19.7 | 19.4 | - 0.1 | + 0.2 |
| Water Transportation..... | 3.6 | 3.3 | 3.3 | + 0.3 | + 0.3 |
| Communications..... | 12.5 | 12.4 | 12.5 | + 0.1 | + 0.0 |
| Telephone Communications..... | 8.4 | 8.3 | 8.2 | + 0.1 | + 0.2 |
| Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Services..... | 16.0 | 16.0 | 15.7 | + 0.0 | + 0.3 |
| Electric Services..... | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.7 | + 0.0 | - 0.1 |
| Combination Utility Services..... | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | + 0.0 | + 0.0 |
| Wholesale and Retail Trade..... | 337.0 | 337.5 | 322.2 | - 0.5 | +14.8 |
| Wholesale Trade..... | 61.1 | 60.7 | 59.4 | + 0.4 | + 1.7 |
| Wholesale Trade-Durable Goods..... | 34.5 | 34.3 | 33.7 | + 0.2 | + 0.8 |
| Machinery, Equipment, and Supplies..... | 9.9 | 9.9 | 10.0 | + 0.0 | - 0.1 |
| Wholesale Trade-Nondurable Goods..... | 26.6 | 26.4 | 25.7 | + 0.2 | + 0.9 |
| Groceries and Related Products..... | 8.9 | 8.9 | 8.6 | + 0.0 | + 0.3 |
| Groceries, General Line..... | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | + 0.0 | + 0.1 |
| Petroleum and Petroleum Products..... | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.9 | +0.0 | - 0.1 |

(Continued on next page)

TABLE 4 (Continued)

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA
BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUP

February, 1990

| | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 | Net Change From: Jan. 1990 | Net Change From: Feb. 1989 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Retail Trade | 275.9 | 276.8 | 262.8 | - 0.9 | +13.1 |
| Building Materials and Garden Supplies | 12.1 | 12.0 | 11.9 | + 0.1 | + 0.2 |
| Lumber and Other Building Materials | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.5 | + 0.0 | + 0.0 |
| General Merchandise Stores | 37.0 | 38.6 | 35.1 | - 1.6 | + 1.9 |
| Food Stores | 49.7 | 49.5 | 46.4 | + 0.2 | + 3.3 |
| Grocery Stores | 46.5 | 46.4 | 43.8 | + 0.1 | + 2.7 |
| Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate | 68.7 | 68.3 | 65.7 | + 0.4 | + 3.0 |
| Depository Institutions | 21.7 | 21.8 | 21.5 | - 0.1 | + 0.2 |
| Commercial Banks | 14.2 | 14.3 | 14.2 | - 0.1 | + 0.0 |
| National Commercial Banks | 8.2 | 8.3 | 8.2 | - 0.1 | + 0.0 |
| Insurance Carriers | 14.9 | 14.8 | 13.7 | + 0.1 | + 1.2 |
| Life Insurance | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.1 | + 0.0 | + 0.1 |
| Services | 278.1 | 275.6 | 261.9 | + 2.5 | +16.2 |
| Hotels and Other Lodging Places | 21.5 | 20.6 | 21.3 | + 0.9 | + 0.2 |
| Health Services | 56.9 | 56.5 | 52.9 | + 0.4 | + 4.0 |
| Nursing and Personal Care Facilities | 11.4 | 11.4 | 10.7 | + 0.0 | + 0.7 |
| Hospitals | 19.4 | 19.1 | 17.7 | + 0.3 | + 1.7 |
| Educational Services | 21.5 | 21.1 | 22.1 | + 0.4 | - 0.6 |
| Colleges and Universities | 12.2 | 11.9 | 12.8 | + 0.3 | - 0.6 |
| Total Government | 282.5 | 276.5 | 273.3 | + 6.0 | + 9.2 |
| Total Federal Government | 39.8 | 39.9 | 38.7 | - 0.1 | + 1.1 |
| Total State and Local Government | 242.7 | 236.6 | 234.6 | + 6.1 | + 8.1 |
| Total State Government | 95.8 | 91.7 | 91.4 | + 4.1 | + 4.4 |
| State Government Education | 39.7 | 36.5 | 37.7 | + 3.2 | + 2.0 |
| Other State Government | 56.1 | 55.2 | 53.7 | + 0.9 | + 2.4 |
| Total Local Government | 146.9 | 144.9 | 143.2 | + 2.0 | + 3.7 |
| Local Government Education | 84.1 | 81.9 | 83.5 | + 2.2 | + 0.6 |
| Other Local Government | 62.8 | 63.0 | 59.7 | - 0.2 | + 3.1 |

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 5

WAGE AND SALARY MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA

February, 1990

| | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 | Net Change From: Jan. 1990 | Net Change From: Feb. 1989 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Manufacturing | 390.2 | 391.3 | 389.1 | + 1.1 | + 1.1 |
| Durable Goods | 134.9 | 134.5 | 135.3 | + 0.4 | - 0.4 |
| Lumber and Wood Products | 15.4 | 15.4 | 16.0 | + 0.0 | - 0.6 |
| Sawmills and Planing Mills | 5.1 | 5.1 | 4.9 | + 0.0 | + 0.2 |
| Millwork, Plywood, and Structural Members. | 3.9 | 3.8 | 4.2 | + 0.1 | - 0.3 |
| Furniture and Fixtures | 4.0 | 3.9 | 4.7 | + 0.1 | - 0.7 |
| Household Furniture | 3.0 | 2.9 | 3.5 | + 0.1 | - 0.5 |
| Stone, Clay, and Glass Products | 11.5 | 11.4 | 10.3 | + 0.1 | + 1.2 |
| Glass and Glassware, Pressed or Blown | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | + 0.0 | + 0.0 |
| Concrete, Gypsum, and Plaster Products | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.0 | + 0.0 | - 0.2 |
| Primary Metal Industries | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.4 | + 0.0 | - 0.1 |
| Fabricated Metal Products | 17.6 | 17.5 | 17.1 | + 0.1 | + 0.5 |
| Cutlery, Hand Tools, and Hardware | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 | + 0.0 | + 0.0 |
| Fabricated Structural Metal Products | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.1 | + 0.1 | + 0.4 |
| Industrial Machinery and Equipment | 36.1 | 36.1 | 35.7 | + 0.0 | + 0.4 |
| Metalworking Machinery | 6.9 | 6.8 | 6.6 | + 0.1 | + 0.3 |
| Special Industry Machinery | 6.3 | 6.3 | 6.6 | + 0.0 | - 0.3 |
| General Industrial Machinery | 7.5 | 7.6 | 7.6 | - 0.1 | - 0.1 |
| Electronic and Other Electric Equipment | 22.0 | 22.3 | 22.8 | - 0.3 | - 0.8 |
| Electrical Industrial Apparatus | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.2 | + 0.0 | + 0.1 |
| Household Appliances | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.7 | + 0.0 | - 0.3 |
| Electronic Components and Accessories | 7.3 | 7.5 | 8.2 | - 0.2 | - 0.9 |
| Transportation Equipment | 10.8 | 10.7 | 11.3 | + 0.1 | - 0.5 |
| Instruments and Related Products | 5.1 | 5.0 | 5.4 | + 0.1 | - 0.3 |
| Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries | 4.1 | 3.9 | 3.6 | + 0.2 | + 0.5 |
| Nondurable Goods | 255.3 | 256.8 | 253.8 | - 1.5 | + 1.5 |
| Food and Kindred Products | 16.1 | 16.3 | 15.1 | - 0.2 | + 1.0 |
| Meat Products | 6.3 | 6.2 | 5.3 | + 0.1 | + 1.0 |
| Beverages | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.4 | + 0.0 | + 0.2 |
| Textile Mill Products | 105.5 | 106.2 | 106.4 | - 0.7 | - 0.9 |
| Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Cotton | 26.8 | 26.9 | 28.3 | - 0.1 | - 1.5 |
| Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Manmade | 27.3 | 27.3 | 28.9 | + 0.0 | - 1.6 |
| Knitting Mills | 9.2 | 9.4 | 9.5 | - 0.2 | - 0.3 |
| Textile Finishing, Except Wool | 17.3 | 17.3 | 13.9 | + 0.0 | + 3.4 |
| Finishing Plants, Cotton | 9.8 | 9.9 | 7.3 | - 0.1 | + 2.5 |
| Finishing Plants, Manmade | 6.6 | 6.5 | 5.9 | + 0.1 | + 0.7 |
| Yarn and Thread Mills | 9.7 | 10.0 | 10.2 | - 0.3 | - 0.5 |
| Yarn Spinning Mills | 8.9 | 9.1 | 9.3 | - 0.2 | - 0.4 |
| Miscellaneous Textile Goods | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.4 | + 0.0 | + 0.1 |

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 5 (Continued)

WAGE AND SALARY MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA

February, 1990

| | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 | Net Change From: Jan. 1990 | Net Change From: Feb. 1989 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Apparel and Other Textile Products..... | 43.8 | 44.4 | 44.9 | - 0.6 | - 1.1 |
| Men's and Boys' Furnishings..... | 9.4 | 9.3 | 9.7 | + 0.1 | - 0.3 |
| Men's and Boys' Shirts..... | 5.9 | 5.8 | 6.2 | + 0.1 | - 0.3 |
| Women's and Misses' Outerwear..... | 13.8 | 13.7 | 14.8 | + 0.1 | - 1.0 |
| Women's and Misses' Blouses and Shirts. | 4.6 | 4.6 | 5.3 | + 0.0 | - 0.7 |
| Women's and Children's Undergarments..... | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.3 | + 0.0 | - 0.2 |
| Girls & Children's Outerwear..... | 5.0 | 5.1 | 5.2 | - 0.1 | - 0.2 |
| Miscellaneous Apparel and Accessories..... | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.4 | + 0.0 | - 0.1 |
| Miscellaneous Fabricated Textile Prod..... | 10.7 | 10.9 | 9.5 | - 0.2 | + 1.2 |
| Paper and Allied Products..... | 16.8 | 16.7 | 16.4 | + 0.1 | + 0.4 |
| Paperboard Mills..... | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | + 0.0 | + 0.0 |
| Paperboard Containers and Boxes..... | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.4 | + 0.0 | + 0.2 |
| Miscellaneous Converted Paper Products.... | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.5 | + 0.1 | + 0.1 |
| Printing and Publishing..... | 11.4 | 11.3 | 11.2 | + 0.1 | + 0.2 |
| Newspapers..... | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.5 | + 0.0 | - 0.1 |
| Commercial Printing..... | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.7 | + 0.0 | + 0.1 |
| Chemicals and Allied Products..... | 35.8 | 35.8 | 36.1 | + 0.0 | - 0.3 |
| Plastics Materials and Synthetics..... | 15.1 | 15.2 | 15.9 | - 0.1 | - 0.8 |
| Industrial Organic Chemicals..... | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.7 | + 0.0 | + 0.2 |
| Rubber and Miscellaneous Plastics Products. | 25.1 | 25.3 | 22.9 | - 0.2 | + 2.2 |
| Fabricated Rubber Products, Not Else-..... where Classified..... | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.5 | + 0.0 | - 0.4 |
| Miscellaneous Plastics Products, Not..... Elsewhere Classified..... | 11.1 | 11.2 | 10.7 | - 0.1 | + 0.4 |

Note: See technical notes on final page.

## TABLE 6

## SEASONALLY ADJUSTED NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA

### February, 1990

| | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 | Net Change From: Jan. 1990 | Net Change From: Feb. 1989 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total Nonagricultural Employment..... | 1542.2 | 1538.5 | 1485.3 | + 3.7 | +56.9 |
| Total Private..... | 1265.3 | 1263.1 | 1217.7 | + 2.2 | +47.6 |
| Construction..... | 101.2 | 101.1 | 91.7 | + 0.1 | + 9.5 |
| Manufacturing..... | 391.2 | 392.3 | 390.0 | - 1.1 | + 1.2 |
| Durable Goods..... | 135.5 | 135.0 | 135.9 | + 0.5 | - 0.4 |
| Lumber and Wood Products..... | 15.5 | 15.5 | 16.1 | + 0.0 | - 0.6 |
| Furniture and Fixtures..... | 4.0 | 3.9 | 4.6 | + 0.1 | - 0.6 |
| Stone, Clay, and Glass Products..... | 11.7 | 11.6 | 10.5 | + 0.1 | + 1.2 |
| Primary Metal Industries..... | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.4 | + 0.0 | - 0.1 |
| Fabricated Metal Products..... | 17.7 | 17.5 | 17.2 | + 0.2 | + 0.5 |
| Industrial Machinery & Equipment..... | 36.0 | 36.1 | 35.6 | - 0.1 | + 0.4 |
| Special Industry Machinery..... | 6.3 | 6.3 | 6.6 | + 0.0 | - 0.3 |
| Electronic & Other Electrical Equip..... | 22.3 | 22.6 | 23.1 | - 0.3 | - 0.8 |
| Nondurable Goods..... | 255.7 | 257.3 | 254.2 | - 1.6 | + 1.5 |
| Food and Kindred Products..... | 16.4 | 16.5 | 15.4 | - 0.1 | + 1.0 |
| Textile Mill Products..... | 105.3 | 106.0 | 106.2 | - 0.7 | - 0.9 |
| Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Cotton..... | 27.0 | 27.0 | 28.5 | + 0.0 | - 1.5 |
| Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Manmade..... | 27.2 | 27.2 | 28.8 | + 0.0 | - 1.6 |
| Knitting Mills..... | 9.3 | 9.5 | 9.6 | - 0.2 | - 0.3 |
| Textile Finishing, Except Wool..... | 17.2 | 17.1 | 13.8 | + 0.1 | + 3.4 |
| Yarn and Thread Mills..... | 9.7 | 10.0 | 10.2 | - 0.3 | - 0.5 |
| Apparel and Other Textile Products..... | 43.5 | 44.5 | 44.6 | - 1.0 | - 1.1 |
| Men's and Boys' Furnishings..... | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.8 | + 0.0 | - 0.3 |
| Women's and Misses' Outerwear..... | 13.7 | 13.8 | 14.7 | - 0.1 | - 1.0 |
| Miscellaneous Fabricated Textile Prod.. | 10.8 | 10.9 | 9.6 | - 0.1 | + 1.2 |
| Paper and Allied Products..... | 16.8 | 16.7 | 16.4 | + 0.1 | + 0.4 |
| Printing and Publishing..... | 11.5 | 11.4 | 11.3 | + 0.1 | + 0.2 |
| Chemicals and Allied Products..... | 35.9 | 35.9 | 36.2 | + 0.0 | - 0.3 |
| Plastic Materials & Synthetics..... | 15.2 | 15.2 | 16.0 | + 0.0 | - 0.8 |

(Continued on next page)

TABLE 6 (Continued)

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA

February, 1990

| | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 | Net Change From: Jan. 1990 | Net Change From: Feb. 1989 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Transportation and Public Utilities..... | 65.2 | 64.6 | 63.2 | + 0.6 | + 2.0 |
| Trucking and Warehousing..... | 20.0 | 20.1 | 19.8 | - 0.1 | + 0.2 |
| Communication..... | 12.6 | 12.4 | 12.6 | + 0.2 | + 0.0 |
| Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Services.... | 16.0 | 15.8 | 15.7 | + 0.2 | + 0.3 |
| Wholesale and Retail Trade..... | 350.7 | 349.1 | 335.4 | + 1.6 | +15.3 |
| Wholesale Trade..... | 62.4 | 61.9 | 60.6 | + 0.5 | + 1.8 |
| Retail Trade..... | 288.3 | 287.2 | 274.6 | + 1.1 | +13.7 |
| General Merchandise Stores..... | 38.1 | 38.6 | 36.2 | - 0.5 | + 1.9 |
| Food Stores..... | 51.7 | 51.2 | 48.3 | + 0.5 | + 3.4 |
| Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate..... | 70.1 | 69.6 | 67.1 | + 0.5 | + 3.0 |
| Insurance Carriers..... | 15.0 | 15.0 | 13.8 | + 0.0 | + 1.2 |
| Services..... | 285.1 | 284.6 | 268.5 | + 0.5 | +16.6 |
| Hotels and Other Lodging Places..... | 24.7 | 24.6 | 24.5 | + 0.1 | + 0.2 |
| Educational Services..... | 20.6 | 20.8 | 21.2 | - 0.2 | - 0.6 |
| Total Government..... | 276.9 | 275.4 | 267.8 | + 1.5 | + 9.1 |
| Total Federal Government..... | 40.2 | 40.2 | 39.1 | + 0.0 | + 1.1 |
| Total State Government..... | 93.8 | 92.6 | 89.5 | + 1.2 | + 4.3 |
| Total Local Government..... | 142.9 | 142.6 | 139.3 | + 0.3 | + 3.6 |

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 7

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT IN THE GREENVILLE-SPARTANBURG AND COLUMBIA METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUP

February, 1990

| | GREENVILLE-SPARTANBURG | | | COLUMBIA | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 |
| Total Nonagricultural Employment..... | 337.5 | 335.9 | 327.3 | 240.7 | 238.1 | 237.3 |
| Total Private..... | 294.0 | 293.2 | 286.2 | 172.9 | 172.0 | 171.6 |
| Construction and Mining..... | 23.0 | 23.0 | 22.9 | 14.1 | 13.7 | 14.2 |
| Special Trade Contractors..... | 10.6 | 10.6 | 10.7 | - | - | - |
| Manufacturing..... | 102.3 | 102.5 | 104.3 | 28.6 | 28.5 | 29.1 |
| Durable Goods..... | 33.6 | 33.6 | 33.3 | 13.4 | 13.2 | 14.1 |
| Lumber and Wood Products Including... Furniture..... | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Primary Metal Industries and Fabri-.. cated Metal Products..... | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.1 | - | - | - |
| Machinery, Except Electrical..... | 13.2 | 13.2 | 12.9 | - | - | - |
| Metalworking Machinery..... | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | - | - | - |
| Special Industry Machinery..... | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.7 | - | - | - |
| Industrial Machinery and Equipment... | - | - | - | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.6 |
| Computer and Office Equipment..... | - | - | - | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Electronic and Other Electric Equip-. ment..... | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.1 |
| Nondurable Goods..... | 68.7 | 68.9 | 71.0 | 15.2 | 15.3 | 15.0 |
| Food and Kindred Products..... | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 |
| Textile Mill Products..... | 31.0 | 31.3 | 33.8 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 |
| Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Cotton..... | 8.7 | 8.9 | 10.0 | - | - | - |
| Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Manmade.... | 8.5 | 8.5 | 9.7 | - | - | - |
| Knitting Mills..... | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | - | - | - |
| Textile Finishing, Except Wool..... | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | - | - | - |
| Carpets and Rugs..... | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.3 | - | - | - |
| Yarn and Thread Mills..... | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | - | - | - |
| Apparel and Other Textile Products... | 8.3 | 8.5 | 8.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Men's and Boys' Furnishings..... | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.4 | - | - | - |
| Women's and Children's Outer and.... Underwear..... | 3.7 | 3.8 | 4.2 | - | - | - |
| Paper and Allied Products..... | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| Miscellaneous Converted Paper Prod.. | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | - | - | - |
| Printing and Publishing..... | - | - | - | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 |
| Chemicals and Allied Products..... | 9.3 | 9.1 | 9.0 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.8 |
| Plastics Materials and Synthetics... | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.7 | - | - | - |

(Continued on next page)

TABLE 7 (Continued)

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT IN THE GREENVILLE-SPARTANBURG AND COLUMBIA METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUP

February, 1990

| | GREENVILLE-SPARTANBURG | | | COLUMBIA | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 |
| Transportation and Public Utilities... | 13.1 | 13.1 | 12.6 | 10.7 | 10.8 | 10.8 |
| Communications..... | - | - | - | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.3 |
| Wholesale and Retail Trade..... | 78.4 | 78.7 | 75.3 | 53.9 | 54.1 | 53.1 |
| Wholesale Trade..... | 18.4 | 18.5 | 17.9 | 12.8 | 12.8 | 13.0 |
| Retail Trade..... | 60.0 | 60.2 | 57.4 | 41.1 | 41.3 | 40.1 |
| General Merchandise Stores..... | 8.0 | 8.2 | 7.5 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.2 |
| Food Stores..... | - | - | - | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.9 |
| Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate... | 12.2 | 12.2 | 12.0 | 18.3 | 18.2 | 17.7 |
| Insurance Carriers..... | - | - | - | 5.4 | 5.5 | 4.8 |
| Services..... | 65.0 | 63.7 | 59.1 | 47.3 | 46.7 | 46.7 |
| Health Services..... | 10.9 | 10.9 | 10.6 | 9.2 | 9.1 | 8.6 |
| Hospitals..... | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.8 | - | - | - |
| Membership Organizations..... | - | - | - | 2.2 | 2.3 | 3.0 |
| Total Government..... | 43.5 | 42.7 | 41.1 | 67.8 | 66.1 | 65.7 |
| Total Federal Government..... | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 7.8 |
| Total State and Local Government..... | 41.4 | 40.6 | 39.1 | 60.0 | 58.4 | 57.9 |
| Total State Government..... | 13.1 | 12.6 | 11.6 | 37.9 | 37.0 | 37.5 |
| Total Local Government..... | 28.3 | 28.0 | 27.5 | 22.1 | 21.4 | 20.4 |

Note: See technical notes on final page.

## TABLE 8

### NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT IN THE CHARLESTON AND ANDERSON METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUP

**February, 1990**

| | CHARLESTON | | | ANDERSON | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 |
| Total Nonagricultural Employment..... | 201.1 | 199.9 | 193.7 | 53.8 | 54.0 | 53.5 |
| Total Private..... | 147.4 | 146.0 | 140.6 | - | - | - |
| Construction and Mining..... | 14.5 | 14.4 | 13.0 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.4 |
| Manufacturing..... | 21.0 | 20.8 | 20.9 | 20.3 | 20.4 | 20.5 |
| Durable Goods..... | 11.8 | 11.7 | 12.1 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.1 |
| Lumber and Wood Products Including. Furniture..... | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.2 | - | - | - |
| Stone, Clay, and Glass Products.... | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 | - | - | - |
| Primary Metal Industry and Fabri-.. cated Metal Products..... | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | - | - | - |
| Industrial Machinery and Equipment. | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.9 | - | - | - |
| Transportation Equipment..... | 1.9 | 1.8 | 2.2 | - | - | - |
| Nondurable Goods..... | 9.2 | 9.1 | 8.8 | 15.4 | 15.5 | 15.4 |
| Textile Mill Products and Apparel.. | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 8.9 |
| Apparel and Other Textile Products. | - | - | - | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 |
| Paper and Allied Products..... | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | - | - | - |
| Chemicals and Allied Products..... | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 | - | - | - |
| Transportation and Public Utilities.. | 10.8 | 10.5 | 10.2 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.5 |
| Wholesale and Retail Trade..... | 49.9 | 50.1 | 47.3 | 12.4 | 12.4 | 11.8 |
| Wholesale Trade..... | 8.6 | 8.5 | 8.7 | - | - | - |
| Retail Trade..... | 41.3 | 41.6 | 38.6 | - | - | - |
| Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate.. | 8.5 | 8.4 | 8.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| Services..... | 42.7 | 41.8 | 40.7 | 8.0 | 8.1 | 7.8 |
| Total Government..... | 53.7 | 53.9 | 53.1 | 7.8 | 7.8 | 8.1 |
| Total Federal Government..... | 19.5 | 19.5 | 19.7 | - | - | - |
| Total State and Local Government.... | 34.2 | 34.4 | 33.4 | - | - | - |
| Total State Government..... | 16.0 | 15.9 | 15.1 | - | - | - |
| Total Local Government..... | 18.2 | 18.5 | 18.3 | - | - | - |

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 9

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT
IN THE FLORENCE METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA
BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUP

February, 1990

| | FLORENCE | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 |
| Total Nonagricultural Employment..... | 54.5 | 54.4 | 52.7 |
| Construction and Mining..... | 3.2 | 3.1 | 2.8 |
| Manufacturing..... | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.3 |
| Durable Goods..... | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.4 |
| Nondurable Goods..... | 9.0 | 9.0 | 8.9 |
| Textile Mill Products..... | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.2 |
| Apparel and Other Textile Products. | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| Transportation and Public Utilities.. | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| Wholesale and Retail Trade..... | 12.9 | 13.0 | 12.4 |
| Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate.. | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.1 |
| Services..... | 9.7 | 9.7 | 9.4 |
| Total Government..... | 9.7 | 9.6 | 9.7 |

Note: See technical notes on final page.

## TABLE 10

### FEMALE EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUPS

### February, 1990

| | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 | Net Change From Jan. 1990 | Net Change From Feb. 1989 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total Nonagricultural Employment..... | 723.8 | 719.4 | 698.7 | + 4.4 | +25.1 |
| Total Private..... | 555.0 | 554.1 | 535.1 | + 0.9 | +19.9 |
| Construction..... | 9.4 | 9.4 | 8.4 | + 0.0 | + 1.0 |
| Manufacturing..... | 159.3 | 160.0 | 160.0 | - 0.7 | - 0.7 |
| Durable Goods..... | 43.2 | 43.0 | 43.7 | + 0.2 | - 0.5 |
| Lumber and Wood Products..... | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.5 | + 0.0 | - 0.2 |
| Fabricated Metal Products..... | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.3 | + 0.1 | + 0.1 |
| Industrial Machinery and Equipment..... | 10.8 | 10.7 | 10.5 | + 0.1 | + 0.3 |
| Electronic and other Electric Equipment... | 11.8 | 12.0 | 12.4 | - 0.2 | - 0.6 |
| Instruments and Related Products..... | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.2 | + 0.1 | - 0.1 |
| Nondurable Goods..... | 116.1 | 117.0 | 116.3 | - 0.9 | - 0.2 |
| Food and Kindred Products..... | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4.6 | + 0.0 | + 0.4 |
| Textile Mill Products..... | 46.2 | 46.8 | 47.2 | - 0.6 | - 1.0 |
| Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Cotton..... | 11.5 | 11.6 | 12.2 | - 0.1 | - 0.7 |
| Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Manmade..... | 12.3 | 12.3 | 13.0 | + 0.0 | - 0.7 |
| Knitting Mills..... | 6.7 | 6.9 | 6.9 | - 0.2 | - 0.2 |
| Apparel and Other Textile Products..... | 36.5 | 36.6 | 37.0 | - 0.1 | - 0.5 |
| Men's and Boys' Furnishings..... | 8.4 | 8.3 | 8.7 | + 0.1 | - 0.3 |
| Women's and Misses' Outerwear..... | 12.1 | 11.9 | 12.8 | + 0.2 | - 0.7 |
| Paper and Allied Products..... | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.5 | + 0.0 | + 0.2 |
| Printing and Publishing..... | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.8 | + 0.0 | + 0.1 |
| Chemicals and Allied Products..... | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.9 | + 0.0 | - 0.3 |
| Rubber and Miscellaneous Plastics Prod.... | 10.0 | 10.2 | 9.2 | - 0.2 | + 0.8 |
| Transportation and Public Utilities..... | 16.7 | 16.8 | 16.2 | - 0.1 | + 0.5 |
| Communications..... | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.8 | + 0.0 | + 0.0 |

(Continued on next page)

TABLE 10 (Continued)

FEMALE EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUPS

February, 1990

| | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 | Net Change From Jan. 1990 | Net Change From Feb. 1989 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wholesale and Retail Trade | 169.6 | 170.3 | 160.5 | - 0.7 | + 9.1 |
| Wholesale Trade | 17.0 | 16.9 | 16.5 | + 0.1 | + 0.5 |
| Wholesale Trade - Durable Goods | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.3 | + 0.0 | + 0.2 |
| Wholesale Trade - Nondurable Goods | 8.5 | 8.4 | 8.2 | + 0.1 | + 0.3 |
| Retail Trade | 152.6 | 153.4 | 144.0 | - 0.8 | + 8.6 |
| General Merchandise Stores | 28.0 | 29.2 | 26.6 | - 1.2 | + 1.4 |
| Food Stores | 23.3 | 23.2 | 21.6 | + 0.1 | + 1.7 |
| Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate | 44.7 | 44.3 | 42.8 | + 0.4 | + 1.9 |
| Insurance Carriers | 9.3 | 9.2 | 8.4 | + 0.1 | + 0.9 |
| Services | 155.2 | 153.2 | 147.1 | + 2.0 | + 8.1 |
| Hotels and Other Lodging Places | 13.6 | 13.0 | 13.4 | + 0.6 | + 0.2 |
| Health Services | 47.1 | 46.7 | 43.8 | + 0.4 | + 3.3 |
| Hospitals | 16.1 | 15.9 | 14.7 | + 0.2 | + 1.4 |
| Educational Services | 14.0 | 13.7 | 14.2 | + 0.3 | - 0.2 |
| Total Government | 168.8 | 165.3 | 163.6 | + 3.5 | + 5.2 |
| Total Federal Government | 13.3 | 13.5 | 12.8 | - 0.2 | + 0.5 |
| Total State and Local Government | 155.5 | 151.8 | 150.8 | + 3.7 | + 4.7 |
| Total State Government | 55.4 | 53.2 | 52.8 | + 2.2 | + 2.6 |
| State Government Education | 19.5 | 17.9 | 18.5 | + 1.6 | + 1.0 |
| Other State Government | 35.9 | 35.3 | 34.3 | + 0.6 | + 1.6 |
| Total Local Government | 100.1 | 98.6 | 98.0 | + 1.5 | + 2.1 |
| Local Government Education | 65.6 | 63.9 | 65.2 | + 1.7 | + 0.4 |
| Other Local Government | 34.5 | 34.7 | 32.8 | - 0.2 | + 1.7 |

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 11

ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PRODUCTION WORKERS AND AVERAGE EARNINGS AND HOURS
IN MANUFACTURING IN SOUTH CAROLINA
FEBRUARY, 1990

| Industry | MANUFACTURING PRODUCTION WORKERS (In Thousands) | | | AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS (Dollars) | | | AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS (Hours) | | | AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS (Dollars) | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 |
| MANUFACTURING | 301.2 | 301.3 | 299.8 | 356.34 | 357.20 | 347.35 | 41.1 | 41.2 | 41.4 | 8.67 | 8.67 | 8.39 |
| DURABLE GOODS | 102.8 | 102.5 | 102.8 | 378.32 | 380.06 | 365.51 | 42.7 | 42.8 | 42.6 | 8.86 | 8.88 | 8.58 |
| Lumber and Wood Products | 12.8 | 12.6 | 13.1 | 326.19 | 331.14 | 329.01 | 41.5 | 41.6 | 41.7 | 7.86 | 7.96 | 7.89 |
| Furniture and Fixtures | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.7 | 277.69 | 283.14 | 283.46 | 41.2 | 41.7 | 41.2 | 6.74 | 6.79 | 6.88 |
| Stone, Clay, and Glass Products | 9.1 | 9.0 | 8.1 | 428.36 | 431.08 | 431.64 | 43.4 | 43.5 | 43.6 | 9.87 | 9.91 | 9.90 |
| Fabricated Metal Products | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.5 | 375.39 | 378.00 | 357.01 | 43.0 | 43.2 | 42.3 | 8.73 | 8.75 | 8.44 |
| Industrial Machinery And Equip. | 26.5 | 26.3 | 26.0 | 408.32 | 411.08 | 389.32 | 43.3 | 43.5 | 43.5 | 9.43 | 9.45 | 8.95 |
| Special Industry Machinery | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 433.82 | 431.52 | 412.21 | 46.2 | 46.3 | 45.7 | 9.39 | 9.32 | 9.02 |
| Electronic And Other Elec. Equip. | 16.5 | 16.8 | 17.0 | 337.42 | 338.25 | 324.69 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 41.1 | 8.17 | 8.19 | 7.90 |
| Instruments and Related Products | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 363.56 | 369.90 | 368.02 | 44.5 | 45.0 | 45.1 | 8.17 | 8.22 | 8.16 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 198.4 | 198.8 | 197.0 | 345.37 | 344.56 | 337.82 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 40.8 | 8.57 | 8.55 | 8.28 |
| Food and Kindred Products | 11.2 | 11.2 | 10.3 | 307.23 | 313.22 | 302.00 | 38.5 | 39.3 | 40.0 | 7.98 | 7.97 | 7.55 |
| Textile Mill Products | 91.2 | 91.5 | 92.4 | 332.11 | 330.48 | 319.02 | 40.9 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 8.12 | 8.10 | 7.80 |
| Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Cotton | 24.1 | 24.2 | 25.5 | 336.10 | 332.40 | 323.95 | 40.3 | 40.0 | 40.8 | 8.34 | 8.31 | 7.94 |
| Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Manmade | 24.6 | 24.6 | 26.1 | 335.56 | 336.04 | 320.36 | 39.9 | 40.1 | 39.6 | 8.41 | 8.38 | 8.09 |
| Knitting Mills | 8.0 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 315.78 | 319.60 | 305.41 | 42.5 | 42.9 | 42.3 | 7.43 | 7.45 | 7.22 |
| Textile Finishing, Except Wool | 14.0 | 13.8 | 11.3 | 346.46 | 346.06 | 345.29 | 42.2 | 42.1 | 43.0 | 8.21 | 8.22 | 8.03 |
| Yarn and Thread Mills | 8.5 | 8.6 | 8.8 | 310.78 | 303.06 | 295.71 | 41.0 | 40.3 | 40.9 | 7.58 | 7.52 | 7.23 |
| Apparel and Other Textile Products | 36.3 | 36.4 | 36.7 | 225.93 | 225.17 | 210.38 | 38.1 | 38.1 | 37.5 | 5.93 | 5.91 | 5.61 |
| Men's and Boys' Furnishings | 8.4 | 8.3 | 8.6 | 216.29 | 215.50 | 199.63 | 37.1 | 36.9 | 36.1 | 5.83 | 5.84 | 5.53 |
| Women's and Misses' Outerwear | 11.3 | 11.2 | 12.1 | 200.64 | 199.73 | 191.89 | 38.0 | 37.9 | 37.7 | 5.28 | 5.27 | 5.09 |
| Paper and Allied Products | 11.5 | 11.5 | 11.2 | 573.30 | 576.75 | 563.98 | 45.0 | 45.2 | 45.3 | 12.74 | 12.76 | 12.45 |
| Printing and Publishing | 6.3 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 357.44 | 355.58 | 344.26 | 38.6 | 38.4 | 38.9 | 9.26 | 9.26 | 8.85 |
| Chemicals and Allied Products | 21.8 | 21.7 | 21.9 | 475.53 | 481.56 | 510.92 | 39.3 | 39.7 | 42.4 | 12.10 | 12.13 | 12.05 |

Note: See technical notes on final page.

## TABLE 12

## ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PRODUCTION WORKERS AND AVERAGE EARNINGS AND HOURS IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES IN SOUTH CAROLINA'S MAJOR METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

**February, 1990**

### CHARLESTON MSA

| | Production Workers (In Thousands) | | | Average Weekly Earnings (Dollars) | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 |
| All Manufacturing | 15.0 | 14.7 | 14.8 | 379.49 | 380.43 | 359.96 |
| Durable Goods | 9.1 | 8.9 | 9.2 | 381.47 | 383.72 | 355.92 |
| Nondurable Goods | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 376.81 | 376.81 | 364.24 |

| | Average Hours Worked Per Week (Hours) | | | Average Hourly Earnings (Dollars) | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 |
| All Manufacturing | 40.2 | 40.3 | 39.6 | 9.44 | 9.44 | 9.09 |
| Durable Goods | 41.6 | 41.8 | 40.4 | 9.17 | 9.18 | 8.81 |
| Nondurable Goods | 38.1 | 38.1 | 38.1 | 9.89 | 9.89 | 9.56 |

### COLUMBIA MSA

| | Production Workers (In Thousands) | | | Average Weekly Earnings (Dollars) | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 |
| All Manufacturing | 18.6 | 18.3 | 18.8 | 368.99 | 370.30 | 358.14 |
| Durable Goods | 8.7 | 8.4 | 9.0 | 352.26 | 353.53 | 346.51 |
| Fabricated Metals | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 381.06 | 385.88 | 356.57 |
| Industrial Machinery and Equipment | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 367.46 | 364.46 | 364.64 |
| Nondurable Goods | 9.9 | 9.9 | 9.8 | 382.97 | 385.22 | 369.93 |
| Textile Mill Products | 1.9 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 332.07 | 329.23 | 319.25 |
| Apparel and Other Textile Products | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 205.67 | 204.75 | 198.24 |

| | Average Hours Worked Per Week (Hours) | | | Average Hourly Earnings (Dollars) | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 |
| All Manufacturing | 41.6 | 41.7 | 41.5 | 8.87 | 8.88 | 8.63 |
| Durable Goods | 41.2 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 8.55 | 8.56 | 8.39 |
| Fabricated Metal Products | 43.5 | 43.8 | 41.9 | 8.76 | 8.81 | 8.51 |
| Industrial Machinery and Equipment | 41.9 | 41.7 | 43.0 | 8.77 | 8.74 | 8.48 |
| Nondurable Goods | 41.9 | 42.1 | 41.8 | 9.14 | 9.15 | 8.85 |
| Textile Mill Products | 41.2 | 41.0 | 41.3 | 8.06 | 8.03 | 7.73 |
| Apparel and Other Textile Products | 39.4 | 39.3 | 39.1 | 5.22 | 5.21 | 5.07 |

(Continued on next page)

TABLE 12 (Continued)

ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PRODUCTION WORKERS
AND AVERAGE EARNINGS AND HOURS IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES
IN SOUTH CAROLINA'S MAJOR METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

February, 1990

GREENVILLE-SPARTANBURG MSA

| | Production Workers (In Thousands) | | | Average Weekly Earnings (Dollars) | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 |
| All Manufacturing | 76.8 | 77.1 | 79.1 | 356.93 | 355.24 | 333.74 |
| Durable Goods | 24.2 | 24.3 | 24.0 | 414.78 | 409.33 | 371.85 |
| Industrial Machinery and Equipment | 10.0 | 10.0 | 9.7 | 463.00 | 459.16 | 421.02 |
| Special Industry Machinery | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 428.23 | 424.08 | 410.84 |
| Nondurable Goods | 52.6 | 52.8 | 55.1 | 330.04 | 330.86 | 317.20 |
| Textile Mill Products | 26.3 | 26.6 | 28.8 | 331.70 | 331.70 | 323.14 |
| Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Manmade | 7.9 | 8.0 | 9.1 | 340.72 | 338.25 | 335.34 |
| Knitting Mills | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 273.80 | 271.22 | 261.10 |
| Textile Finishing, Except Wool | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 326.19 | 333.38 | 340.42 |
| Apparel and Other Textile Product | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.4 | 214.50 | 217.16 | 200.00 |
| Men's and Boys' Furnishings | .9 | .9 | 1.1 | 179.33 | 177.26 | 167.34 |
| Chemicals and Allied Products | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 454.12 | 454.54 | 426.78 |

| | Average Hours Worked Per Week (Hours) | | | Average Hourly Earnings (Dollars) | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 | Feb. 1990 | Jan. 1990 | Feb. 1989 |
| All Manufacturing | 41.6 | 41.5 | 40.7 | 8.58 | 8.56 | 8.20 |
| Durable Goods | 44.6 | 44.3 | 42.4 | 9.30 | 9.24 | 8.77 |
| Industrial Machinery and Equipment | 46.3 | 46.1 | 44.6 | 10.00 | 9.96 | 9.44 |
| Special Industry Machinery | 45.8 | 45.6 | 45.7 | 9.35 | 9.30 | 8.99 |
| Nondurable Goods | 40.2 | 40.3 | 40.0 | 8.21 | 8.21 | 7.93 |
| Textile Mill Products | 40.9 | 40.9 | 40.8 | 8.11 | 8.11 | 7.92 |
| Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Manmade | 41.5 | 41.3 | 41.4 | 8.21 | 8.19 | 8.10 |
| Knitting Mills | 37.0 | 36.8 | 37.3 | 7.40 | 7.37 | 7.00 |
| Textile Finishing, Except Wool | 41.5 | 42.2 | 44.5 | 7.86 | 7.90 | 7.65 |
| Apparel and Other Textile Product | 38.1 | 38.3 | 36.9 | 5.63 | 5.67 | 5.42 |
| Men's and Boys' Furnishings | 36.9 | 36.7 | 36.3 | 4.86 | 4.83 | 4.61 |
| Chemicals and Allied Products | 42.6 | 42.6 | 41.8 | 10.66 | 10.67 | 10.21 |

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 13

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT FOR COUNTIES IN SOUTH CAROLINA
(Data rounded to the nearest ten)
FEBRUARY, 1990

| Area | TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT | | | MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT | | | NONMANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | FEB. 1990 | JAN. 1990 | FEB. 1989 | FEB. 1990 | JAN. 1990 | FEB. 1989 | FEB. 1990 | JAN. 1990 | FEB. 1989 |
| Abbeville | 6,980 | 6,930 | 6,960 | 3,670 | 3,670 | 3,750 | 3,310 | 3,260 | 3,210 |
| Aiken | 53,800 | 54,300 | 50,100 | 19,200 | 19,100 | 18,900 | 34,600 | 35,200 | 31,200 |
| Allendale | 3,680 | 3,650 | 3,430 | 1,340 | 1,320 | 1,280 | 2,340 | 2,330 | 2,150 |
| Anderson | 53,800 | 53,900 | 53,500 | 20,300 | 20,400 | 20,500 | 33,500 | 33,500 | 33,000 |
| Bamberg | 4,730 | 4,720 | 4,460 | 1,520 | 1,540 | 1,530 | 3,210 | 3,180 | 2,930 |
| Barnwell | 7,710 | 7,690 | 7,410 | 3,040 | 3,050 | 3,260 | 4,670 | 4,640 | 4,150 |
| Beaufort | 35,250 | 35,280 | 30,350 | 960 | 940 | 1,020 | 34,290 | 34,340 | 29,330 |
| Berkeley | 26,100 | 26,000 | 25,300 | 6,700 | 6,600 | 6,700 | 19,400 | 19,400 | 18,600 |
| Calhoun | 3,730 | 3,760 | 4,080 | 1,870 | 1,910 | 2,250 | 1,860 | 1,850 | 1,830 |
| Charleston | 156,000 | 155,000 | 149,500 | 9,400 | 9,300 | 9,300 | 146,600 | 145,700 | 140,200 |
| Cherokee | 19,210 | 19,110 | 18,150 | 9,330 | 9,300 | 9,120 | 9,880 | 9,810 | 9,030 |
| Chester | 12,780 | 12,820 | 12,470 | 6,920 | 6,960 | 6,910 | 5,860 | 5,860 | 5,560 |
| Chesterfield | 14,500 | 14,550 | 13,740 | 8,020 | 8,060 | 7,760 | 6,480 | 6,490 | 5,980 |
| Clarendon | 7,100 | 7,010 | 6,630 | 1,650 | 1,580 | 1,640 | 5,450 | 5,430 | 4,990 |
| Colleton | 10,620 | 10,610 | 9,910 | 2,670 | 2,630 | 2,490 | 7,950 | 7,980 | 7,420 |
| Darlington | 22,520 | 22,450 | 21,090 | 7,800 | 7,740 | 7,720 | 14,720 | 14,710 | 13,370 |
| Dillon | 9,620 | 9,640 | 9,640 | 3,830 | 3,860 | 3,810 | 5,790 | 5,780 | 5,830 |
| Dorchester | 19,000 | 18,900 | 18,900 | 4,900 | 4,900 | 4,900 | 14,100 | 14,000 | 14,000 |
| Edgefield | 4,740 | 4,770 | 4,650 | 2,140 | 2,190 | 2,130 | 2,600 | 2,580 | 2,520 |
| Fairfield | 8,090 | 8,060 | 8,380 | 3,080 | 3,120 | 3,440 | 5,010 | 4,940 | 4,940 |
| Florence | 54,500 | 54,400 | 52,700 | 13,500 | 13,500 | 13,300 | 41,000 | 40,900 | 39,400 |
| Georgetown | 17,280 | 17,120 | 15,910 | 4,560 | 4,580 | 4,430 | 12,720 | 12,540 | 11,480 |
| Greenville | 194,200 | 193,200 | 188,300 | 51,500 | 51,600 | 52,500 | 142,700 | 141,600 | 135,800 |
| Greenwood | 29,870 | 29,800 | 28,810 | 11,210 | 11,200 | 11,220 | 18,660 | 18,600 | 17,590 |
| Hampton | 5,930 | 5,930 | 5,530 | 1,830 | 1,830 | 1,880 | 4,100 | 4,100 | 3,650 |
| Horry | 59,260 | 58,030 | 56,200 | 5,810 | 6,060 | 5,810 | 53,450 | 51,970 | 50,390 |
| Jasper | 4,060 | 4,040 | 3,720 | 360 | 360 | 340 | 3,700 | 3,680 | 3,380 |
| Kershaw | 16,680 | 16,720 | 16,570 | 6,430 | 6,440 | 6,540 | 10,250 | 10,280 | 10,030 |
| Lancaster | 18,950 | 18,870 | 18,400 | 8,310 | 8,240 | 8,450 | 10,640 | 10,630 | 9,950 |
| Laurens | 20,680 | 20,810 | 20,270 | 7,740 | 7,890 | 8,130 | 12,940 | 12,920 | 12,140 |
| Lee | 3,970 | 3,960 | 3,620 | 1,370 | 1,370 | 1,310 | 2,600 | 2,590 | 2,310 |
| Lexington | 56,800 | 56,300 | 56,100 | 14,200 | 14,100 | 14,400 | 42,600 | 42,200 | 41,700 |
| McCormick | 2,270 | 2,220 | 2,220 | 790 | 770 | 830 | 1,480 | 1,450 | 1,390 |
| Marion | 12,590 | 12,640 | 12,090 | 6,210 | 6,280 | 6,230 | 6,380 | 6,360 | 5,860 |
| Marlboro | 10,090 | 10,070 | 8,680 | 5,150 | 5,140 | 4,230 | 4,940 | 4,930 | 4,450 |
| Newberry | 11,730 | 11,730 | 11,990 | 4,810 | 4,780 | 5,300 | 6,920 | 6,950 | 6,690 |
| Oconee | 25,250 | 25,120 | 24,610 | 10,240 | 10,180 | 10,000 | 15,010 | 14,940 | 14,610 |
| Orangeburg | 31,110 | 31,480 | 29,660 | 9,440 | 9,850 | 9,520 | 21,670 | 21,630 | 20,140 |
| Pickens | 35,000 | 34,800 | 34,400 | 12,100 | 12,100 | 12,400 | 22,900 | 22,700 | 22,000 |
| Richland | 183,900 | 181,800 | 181,200 | 14,400 | 14,400 | 14,700 | 169,500 | 167,400 | 166,500 |
| Saluda | 3,620 | 3,550 | 3,460 | 1,450 | 1,430 | 1,470 | 2,170 | 2,120 | 1,990 |
| Spartanburg | 108,300 | 107,900 | 104,700 | 38,700 | 38,800 | 39,400 | 69,600 | 69,100 | 65,300 |
| Sumter | 34,690 | 34,520 | 32,300 | 10,180 | 10,110 | 9,720 | 24,510 | 24,410 | 22,580 |
| Union | 10,780 | 10,860 | 10,700 | 4,750 | 5,800 | 5,950 | 6,030 | 5,060 | 4,750 |
| Williamsburg | 11,130 | 11,270 | 11,580 | 5,060 | 5,180 | 5,580 | 6,070 | 6,090 | 6,000 |
| York | 48,000 | 47,900 | 46,100 | 13,600 | 13,500 | 13,500 | 34,400 | 34,400 | 32,600 |

NOTE: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 14

LABOR FORCE AND UNEMPLOYMENT BY LABOR MARKET AREA
FEBRUARY, 1990

| AREA: | LABOR FORCE | | | UNEMPLOYMENT | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | NUMBER | | | PERCENT OF LABOR FORCE | | |
| | FEB. 1990 | JAN. 1990 | FEB. 1989 | FEB. 1990 | JAN. 1990 | FEB. 1989 | FEB. 1990 | JAN. 1990 | FEB. 1989 |
| ABBEVILLE.... | 10,440 | 10,400 | 10,560 | 690 | 630 | 650 | 6.6 | 6.0 | 6.2 |
| AIKEN..... | 62,180 | 62,660 | 61,230 | 2,560 | 2,360 | 2,680 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 4.4 |
| ALLENDALE.... | 5,120 | 5,150 | 4,980 | 280 | 270 | 340 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 6.8 |
| ANDERSON MSA. | 68,590 | 68,820 | 69,320 | 3,830 | 3,280 | 3,460 | 5.6 | 4.8 | 5.0 |
| BAMBERG..... | 6,760 | 6,680 | 6,550 | 530 | 520 | 500 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 7.6 |
| BARNWELL..... | 9,020 | 9,050 | 8,650 | 850 | 800 | 610 | 9.4 | 8.8 | 7.1 |
| BEAUFORT..... | 37,210 | 37,460 | 32,950 | 1,370 | 1,400 | 1,220 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 |
| BERKELEY..... | 51,030 | 51,140 | 50,320 | 1,400 | 1,340 | 1,620 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 3.2 |
| CALHOUN..... | 4,670 | 4,650 | 5,090 | 340 | 290 | 290 | 7.2 | 6.2 | 5.7 |
| CHARLESTON... | 138,760 | 139,570 | 137,150 | 5,330 | 5,690 | 6,220 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 4.5 |
| CHEROKEE..... | 23,980 | 23,910 | 22,660 | 1,550 | 1,340 | 960 | 6.5 | 5.6 | 4.2 |
| CHESTER..... | 14,470 | 14,790 | 14,250 | 1,160 | 1,270 | 980 | 8.0 | 8.6 | 6.9 |
| CHESTERFIELD. | 20,670 | 20,620 | 20,020 | 1,080 | 960 | 970 | 5.2 | 4.6 | 4.8 |
| CLARENDON.... | 11,950 | 11,960 | 11,630 | 650 | 650 | 780 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 6.7 |
| COLLETON..... | 17,940 | 18,130 | 17,410 | 770 | 730 | 910 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 5.2 |
| DARLINGTON... | 28,690 | 29,010 | 27,690 | 1,690 | 1,650 | 1,780 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 6.4 |
| DILLON..... | 14,250 | 14,420 | 14,550 | 980 | 940 | 940 | 6.8 | 6.5 | 6.5 |
| DORCHESTER... | 35,990 | 35,870 | 35,280 | 1,170 | 930 | 1,120 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 3.2 |
| EDGEFIELD.... | 7,170 | 7,300 | 7,200 | 360 | 320 | 340 | 5.0 | 4.3 | 4.7 |
| FAIRFIELD.... | 10,720 | 10,870 | 10,860 | 1,030 | 1,100 | 610 | 9.6 | 10.1 | 5.6 |
| FLORENCE MSA. | 56,600 | 56,910 | 55,940 | 2,660 | 2,590 | 2,620 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.7 |
| GEORGETOWN... | 22,320 | 22,500 | 21,010 | 2,210 | 2,340 | 2,060 | 9.9 | 10.4 | 9.8 |
| GREENVILLE... | 173,610 | 173,900 | 171,630 | 6,230 | 5,540 | 5,450 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 3.2 |
| GREENWOOD.... | 28,670 | 28,940 | 28,550 | 1,560 | 1,590 | 1,870 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 6.5 |
| HAMPTON..... | 7,570 | 7,470 | 7,220 | 390 | 360 | 360 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 5.0 |
| HORRY..... | 68,370 | 69,930 | 65,770 | 6,560 | 7,410 | 5,740 | 9.6 | 10.6 | 8.7 |
| JASPER..... | 6,860 | 6,790 | 6,540 | 340 | 330 | 360 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.5 |
| KERSHAW..... | 18,950 | 19,130 | 19,410 | 1,070 | 1,010 | 1,270 | 5.7 | 5.3 | 6.5 |
| LANCASTER.... | 24,920 | 25,080 | 24,760 | 1,380 | 1,390 | 1,420 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.7 |
| LAURENS..... | 24,240 | 24,570 | 23,750 | 1,460 | 1,370 | 940 | 6.0 | 5.6 | 4.0 |
| LEE..... | 9,110 | 9,150 | 8,820 | 420 | 360 | 480 | 4.6 | 3.9 | 5.4 |
| LEXINGTON.... | 93,220 | 93,690 | 92,960 | 3,030 | 3,010 | 2,540 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 2.7 |
| McCORMICK.... | 3,030 | 2,950 | 3,030 | 320 | 270 | 330 | 10.7 | 9.2 | 10.9 |
| MARION..... | 14,820 | 14,580 | 15,090 | 1,510 | 1,050 | 1,980 | 10.2 | 7.2 | 13.1 |
| MARLBORO..... | 13,740 | 12,770 | 12,060 | 1,480 | 1,260 | 1,200 | 10.7 | 9.9 | 10.0 |
| NEWBERRY..... | 14,770 | 14,940 | 15,330 | 840 | 870 | 860 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.6 |
| OCONEE..... | 29,530 | 29,590 | 29,290 | 1,630 | 1,530 | 1,560 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 5.3 |
| ORANGEBURG... | 40,250 | 39,720 | 39,100 | 3,300 | 2,070 | 3,030 | 8.2 | 5.2 | 7.7 |
| PICKENS..... | 49,080 | 48,940 | 48,560 | 2,260 | 1,840 | 2,070 | 4.6 | 3.8 | 4.3 |
| RICHLAND..... | 139,000 | 140,160 | 139,570 | 4,780 | 5,210 | 5,000 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.6 |
| SALUDA..... | 7,970 | 7,920 | 7,680 | 570 | 530 | 360 | 7.1 | 6.7 | 4.7 |
| SPARTANBURG.. | 113,840 | 113,870 | 111,390 | 5,590 | 4,980 | 3,910 | 4.9 | 4.4 | 3.5 |
| SUMTER..... | 37,330 | 37,660 | 35,730 | 1,770 | 1,870 | 2,010 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 5.6 |
| UNION..... | 14,430 | 14,450 | 14,120 | 1,290 | 1,080 | 820 | 9.0 | 7.5 | 5.8 |
| WILLIAMSBURG. | 16,970 | 17,270 | 17,550 | 1,520 | 1,420 | 1,160 | 8.9 | 8.2 | 6.6 |
| YORK..... | 69,910 | 70,640 | 69,860 | 2,540 | 2,750 | 3,130 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 4.5 |
| CHAS MSA..... | 225,770 | 226,570 | 222,760 | 7,900 | 7,960 | 8,970 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 4.0 |
| COLA MSA..... | 232,220 | 233,850 | 232,530 | 7,800 | 8,220 | 7,540 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.2 |
| GRNV MSA..... | 336,530 | 336,720 | 331,570 | 14,070 | 12,360 | 11,430 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 3.4 |
| Comparable data for South Carolina given in thousands. | | | | | | | | | |
| S CAROLINA... | 1,678.7 | 1,686.0 | 1,653.0 | 84.3 | 80.5 | 79.5 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 4.8 |

NOTE: See technical notes on final page.

# TABLE 15
# LABOR FORCE AND UNEMPLOYMENT FOR SELECTED CITIES IN SOUTH CAROLINA FEBRUARY, 1990

| CITIES | LABOR FORCE | | | UNEMPLOYMENT | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | NUMBER | | | % OF LABOR FORCE | | |
| | FEB. 1990 | JAN. 1990 | FEB. 1989 | FEB. 1990 | JAN. 1990 | FEB. 1989 | FEB. 1990 | JAN. 1990 | FEB. 1989 |
| ANDERSON . . . . . | 13,250 | 13,260 | 13,360 | 960 | 820 | 870 | 7.2 | 6.2 | 6.5 |
| CHARLESTON . . . . | 37,140 | 37,350 | 36,700 | 1,390 | 1,480 | 1,620 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 4.4 |
| COLUMBIA . . . . . | 45,380 | 45,780 | 45,580 | 1,860 | 2,030 | 1,950 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.3 |
| FLORENCE . . . . . | 15,610 | 15,690 | 15,420 | 690 | 670 | 680 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.4 |
| GREENVILLE . . . . . | 33,680 | 33,710 | 33,280 | 1,450 | 1,290 | 1,270 | 4.3 | 3.8 | 3.8 |
| MYRTLE BEACH . . . | 12,220 | 12,460 | 11,790 | 830 | 940 | 730 | 6.8 | 7.5 | 6.2 |
| NORTH CHARLESTON | 22,140 | 22,290 | 21,960 | 1,290 | 1,380 | 1,510 | 5.8 | 6.2 | 6.9 |
| ROCK HILL . . . . . | 22,230 | 22,470 | 22,240 | 960 | 1,040 | 1,180 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 5.3 |
| SPARTANBURG . . . | 23,280 | 23,260 | 22,710 | 1,370 | 1,220 | 960 | 5.9 | 5.3 | 4.2 |
| SUMTER . . . . . | 11,320 | 11,420 | 10,840 | 550 | 580 | 630 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 5.8 |

NOTE: See technical notes on final page.

# TECHNICAL NOTES

This release is prepared in conjunction with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. The current month's estimates are preliminary while all previous data are subject to revision. Industries are classified according to the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987. All estimates are projected from a first quarter 1989 benchmark.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary employees who worked during or received pay for the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Estimates measure the number of jobs by industry and reflect employment by place of work. Therefore, these data are not strictly comparable with the labor force data which represent persons by place of residence. Excluded from wage and salary estimates are proprietors, self-employed workers, private household employees, and unpaid family workers. A small percentage of wage and salary workers cannot be allocated to specific counties (Table 12) because of the nature of their jobs. Therefore, county data will not add to state totals.

Production worker estimates include full- and part-time employees working within manufacturing industries. Hours worked and earnings data are computed based on payroll figures for the week including the 12th of the month for production workers. Average hourly earnings are calculated on a gross basis, and are affected by such factors as premium pay for overtime and shift differential as well as changes in basic hourly and incentive rates of pay. Average weekly earnings are the product of weekly hours worked and hourly earnings.

Labor force data are adjusted to the Current Population Survey benchmark, and represent employment and unemployment by place of residence. These data are not comparable to the place-of-work industry employment series. Workers involved in labor disputes are counted as employed. Total employment in the labor force also includes agricultural workers, unpaid family workers, domestics, and self-employed. The unemployment rate is calculated by dividing total unemployment by the labor force, and is expressed as a percent. Because of the conceptual differences stated above, total employment may in some instances be lower than nonagricultural wage and salary employment.

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